

Written Quiz

- | | <u>POINTS</u> |
|---|----------------------|
| 1. Most of the heat produced by a fire goes up in the _____. | <u>15</u> |
| 2. Fire Intensity refers to the rate at which _____ is produced. | <u>15</u> |
| 3. The spread component is an approximate prediction of rate of spread expressed in _____. | <u>15</u> |
| 4. Spot fires are ignited by _____ carried aloft in the convection column that fall out into receptive fuels. | <u>15</u> |
| 5. What term describes the fuel arrangement which leads fire easily from surface fuels to aerial fuels? | <u>20</u> |
| 6. When a broad area of fuel is ignited nearly simultaneously it is referred to as _____. | <u>20</u> |

POINTS POSSIBLE: 100

POINTS DEDUCTED:

FINAL SCORE:

	<u>POINTS</u>
1. Most of the heat produced by a fire goes up in the CONVECTION COLUMN .	___ 15
2. Fire Intensity refers to the rate at which HEAT is produced.	___ 15
3. The spread component is an approximate prediction of rate of spread expressed in FEET PER MINUTE .	___ 15
4. Spot fires are ignited by FIREBRANDS carried aloft in the convection column that fall out into receptive fuels.	___ 15
5. What term describes the fuel arrangement which leads fire easily from surface fuels to aerial fuels? LADDER FUELS	___ 20
6. When a broad area of fuel is ignited nearly simultaneously it is referred to as AREA IGNITION .	___ 20

POINTS POSSIBLE: ___ 100

POINTS DEDUCTED:

FINAL SCORE: